

Response to Abiotic stress

understanding and using plant natural strategies to mitigate global climate change









INVESTICE DO ROZVOJE VZDĚLÁVÁNÍ







Response to abiotic stress



- Global Climate Change and Agriculture
- Cellular and physiological modifications in response to abiotic stress

 understanding and using plant natural strategies to mitigate global climate change

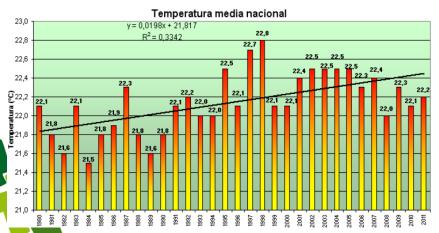




Global Climate Change

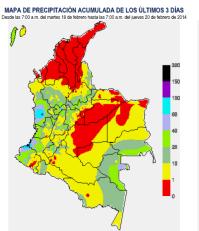
Land & Ocean Temperature Percentiles Jan-Apr 2014 NOAA's National Climatic Data Center Data Source: GHCN-M version 3.2.2 & ERSST version 3b Cooler than Average Average Average Warmer than Warmest Average Average

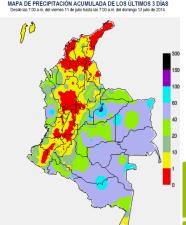
Mon May 12 08:11:43 EDT 201



Tendencia de la temperatura. Fuente: IDEAM

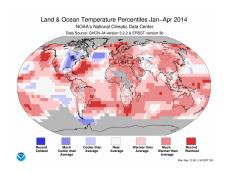
Land-Only Precipitation Percentiles Apr 2014 NOAA's National Climatic Data Center Data Source: GHCN-M version 2 Record Much **Drier than** Near Wetter than Much Record **Drier than** Average Wetter than Wettest Driest Average Average Average Average Mon May 12 07:49:48 EDT 2014



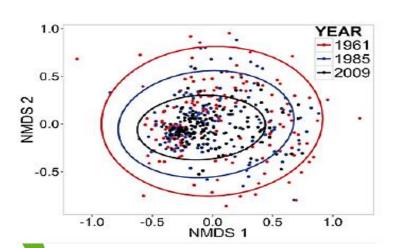


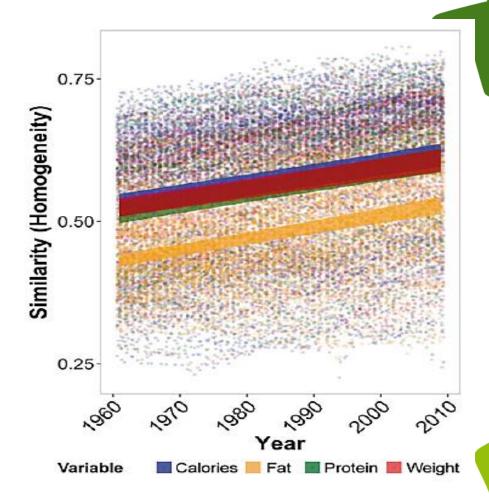
MAPA DE PRECIPITACIÓN ACUMULADA DE LOS ÚLTIMOS 3 DÍAS

Climate Change and Food Security



The challenge to produce under stress conditions should be linked also to ensure food with high nutritional quality







Response to abiotic stress

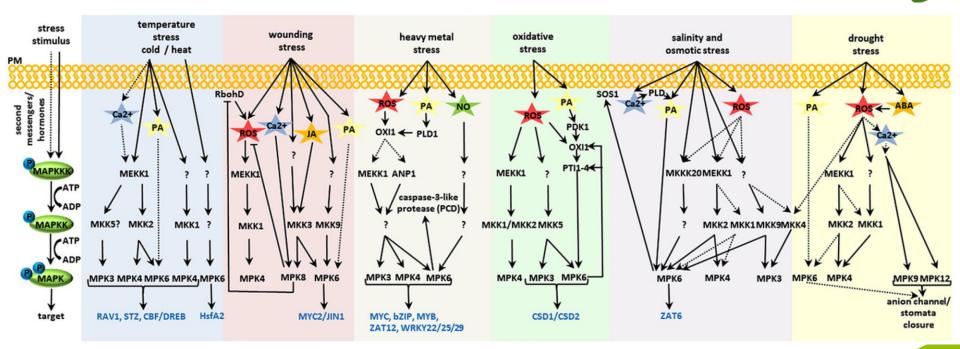


- Global Climate Change and Agriculture
- Cellular and physiological modifications in response to abiotic stress
- understanding and using plant natural strategies to mitigate global climate change





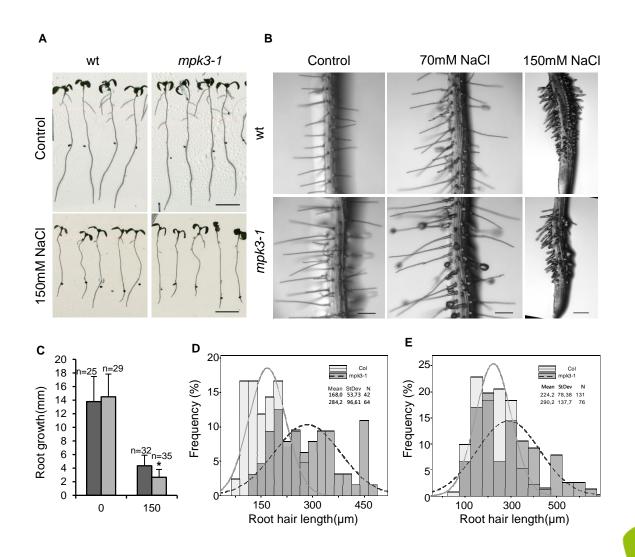
Plant signaling pathways in response to stress stimulus







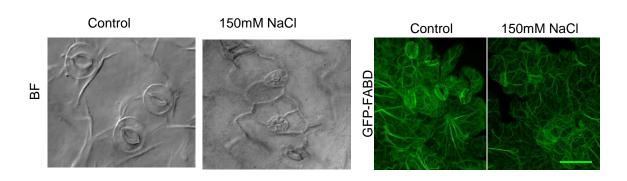
Response to salt stress

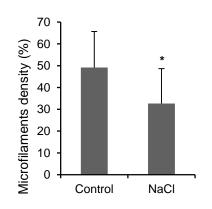


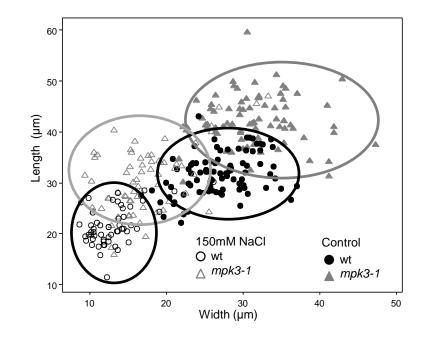




Cell alterations induced by salt stress



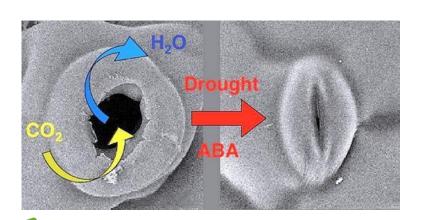


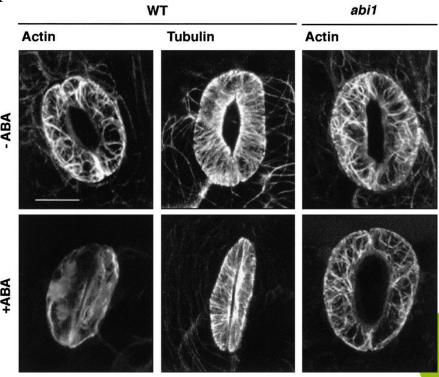




ABA-related processes in response to stress conditions

pH changes promote the movement of accumulated abscisic acid (ABA) from vascular tissue to guard cells. ABA induces stomata closure by induction of ions and water transport, regulation of several transcription factors and genes involved in oxidative stress

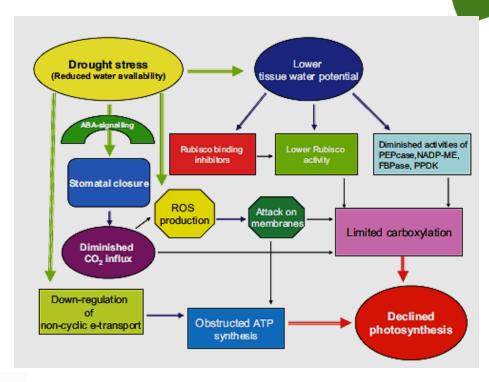


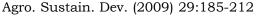




Physiological response









Alterations in plant development and yield reduction







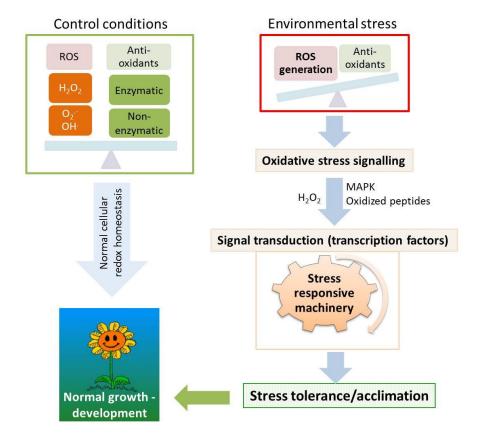
- Global Climate Change and Agriculture
- Physiological and anatomical modifications in response to abiotic stress

 understanding and using plant natural strategies to mitigate global climate change





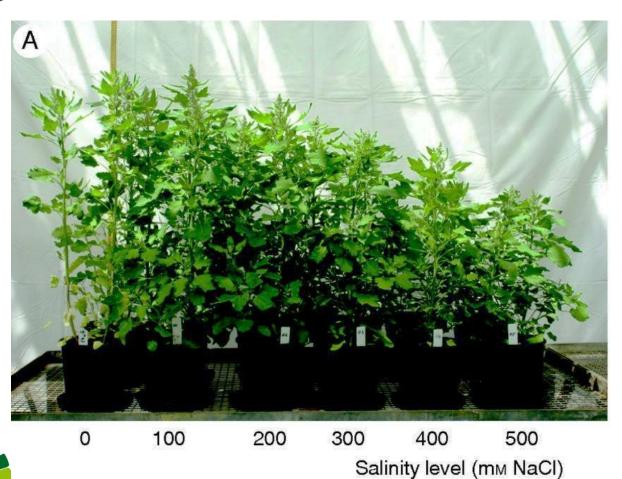
Reductant-Antioxidant-Oxidant interactions in redox homeostasis signaling







Mechanisms in halophytes plants

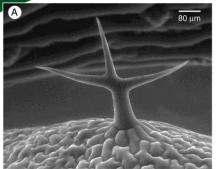


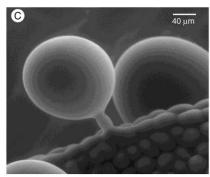


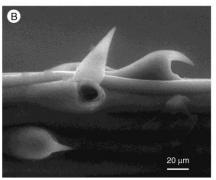


Ann Bot (2013)112 (7): 1209-1221.

Mechanisms in halophytes plants







Trichomes (A, B) on the abaxial surface of two glycophytes (arabidopsis and barley)

Salt bladders (C, D) on the abaxial surface of two halophytes (quinoa and Atriplex)

- Ions accumulation and transport
- Increase of cell and vacuolar transport of Na⁺ and K⁺
- High antioxidants content
- Lower stomata density





Sweetpotato (Ipomoea batatas Lam)











Cassava (Manihot esculenta Crantz)

















CORPOICA (from Spanish acronym of Corporacion Colombiana de Investigacion Agropecuaria), is a Colombian research institute that in partnership with several agents (CIAT, universities, etc) are driving the agricultural research in Colombia.





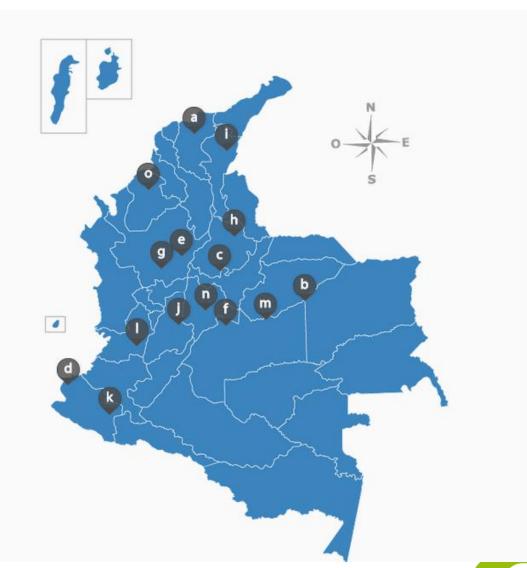
CORPOICA

- The mission of CORPOICA is promove a technical change and innovation in the agriculture by research and transference.
- CORPOICA´staff includes about 400 scientists.
 CORPOICA is supported by Colombian
 Agricultural Ministry.
- CORPOICA has presence along Colombian territory by 15 research centers.



Our research centers in Colombia







Crops research focused on...

- Cacao
- Tropical fruits
- Vegetables and medicinal plants
- Perenne crops
- Roots and tubers
- Annual crops
- and Livestock





Research fields...

- Plant pathology
- Entomology
- Plant breeding
- Crop management
- Climate change
- Rural development
- Post harvest technologies





Perspectives

- CORPOICA would like to collaborate with academic and research partners to conduct high-quality research and translate the results into development impact for agriculture
- CORPOICA is open to receive annually colombian and foreign students to conduct their MSc, Ph.D tesis or training and researchers training.





Acknowledgments







